

The Miner.

T. J. Butler, Editor.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1875.

All accounts for advertising and subscription which became due on or before the first day of February, and all bills for legal advertisements which appeared in the Miner prior to that date are payable to John H. Marion. All accounts accruing since that date are payable to T. J. Butler, the present proprietor.

OUR NEW CHIEF JUSTICE.

By the California papers received by last mail we learn that the successor of Judge E. F. Dunne is an old resident of Sacramento City, and not Charles E. G. French as reported by telegraph, but C. G. W. French. Having no personal knowledge of him, we give below his reputation as outlined by the two leading papers of the city of his residence. The Bee, of Dec. 14th, says:

"Col. C. G. W. French, of Sacramento, has been appointed by the President Chief Justice of Arizona. And we can say, knowing whereof we speak, that this appointment was one fit to be made. His testimonials from the California Bench and Bar are of the very highest character. Ex and present Supreme Court Justices, District and County Judges and the most eminent attorneys have attested, over their own signatures, to his worth as a man and qualifications as a jurist. The appointment is not for life, but for four years."

In the same connection the Record-Union of the 18th remarks as follows:

"Our dispatches yesterday stated that the President had sent to the Senate for confirmation the name of Mr. Charles G. W. French, as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona. Mr. French is a resident of Sacramento, an old Californian, an accomplished jurist, and in all respects thoroughly well fitted to do honor to the appointment. He is a native of Massachusetts, and graduated from Harvard University, where he acquired that mental discipline which he has turned to the best account in his studies since. He is a classical scholar, in the old-fashioned significance of the phrase, and is a member of that now rare class of men who carry through life the taste for elegant literature acquired at the knees of their Alma Mater, and who prize their Aldines and Elzevirs for the treasures of the text, and not for the curiosity of edition or binding. His reputation as a jurist stands emphatically high with the profession, and we believe his appointment will be regarded by the Bar and Bench alike as one eminently fit to be made. His idiosyncrasy, indeed, is rather judicial than forensic, and his mastery of the science of law has long since been recognized by his colleagues, among whom it has been a common observation that Judge French studies the cases of other lawyers with as much care as though they were his own, and with as much conscientiousness as though he was required to pass upon them. In politics he is a Republican, and represented Sacramento in the State Legislature two years ago, sitting upon the Special Code Commission appointed for that session. In these censorious times it may perhaps be worth while to add that Judge French has lived a blameless private life, and that during a residence here of some sixteen years he has acquired the esteem and respect of his fellow citizens, all of whom will agree in endorsing the propriety and fitness of his present appointment. As to the people of Arizona, they may congratulate themselves upon the prospect of a Chief Justice who is a scholar and a gentleman, and whose decisions will very certainly be good law."

GENERAL SCHOFIELD'S REPORT.

We failed to catch the report of the Division Commander, which seems to have been published in the papers, but from the comments of the press learn that he is strongly in favor of transferring the management of the Indian Department to the Military. Men of experience differ in opinion as to the expediency of such a change, and knowing the frailty of human nature, we are inclined to think the General in the wrong, notwithstanding his superior advantages for arriving at correct conclusions from a military standpoint. We have thought, and still believe, that the country is as well served by a divided responsibility in Indian affairs, although a conflict of authority may keep the two departments a little jealous of each other, as it would be if entirely under one control.

The Oregonian commenting on the Division Commander's report gives the matter a moral turn that may have more in it than we have been able to discern. Here is what it says:

"We are truly sorry to see the recommendation of Gen. Schofield for the transfer of the Indian management to the War Department. That the General believes his views are correct is not open to question. And he has with him in this recommendation many men of some observation. Nevertheless we are persuaded the vast majority of those whose experience has best qualified them to judge of the matter, and who have given it much attention, would concur in the opinion that the plan proposed by Gen. Schofield is a bad one—bad for the Indians and bad for the whites. The earnest and enthusiastic manner in which the meaning of military control of the Indians is dilated upon, is certainly calculated to captivate the thoughtless; but there is another side to the question. It may mean better economy, as the General says, though that is not at all self-evident; but it means some things which are not mentioned in the recommendation. It means the practical abandonment of all moral restraints and teachings among the Indians; the eradication of the germs of civilization which have already shown such encouraging signs of ultimate fruitfulness under the fostering care of the peace policy; the general debauching of the minds and persons of the young Indians of both sexes, and of many of the white men who from contiguous residence, or business with the posts, are about the places where the Indians are gathered; the relaxation of all orderly and systematic discipline, and the introduction among the Indians of all the vices, with few if any of the virtues, of the dominant race."

The S. F. Bulletin of the 14th, brings us the information that the Apaches are again raiding on the stock ranges about Prescott. Where did their information come from?

Dan O'Leary and Charley Spencer.

These two veteran Indian hunters and experienced mountain men called upon us on Wednesday and we had an interesting talk on the Indian question in general and particularly that peculiar tribe known as the Avasupais on Cataract Creek. An account of which we gave some months since.

After O'Leary and Spencer were there together Spencer returned taking with him the Hualpai Chief Cee-Ram, and made quite a protracted visit. His object was to find out where certain ores came from which these Indians exhibited. We have already published the fact of their extensive farming, gardening and fruit raising operations and will now be confined to the mineral aspects of the country.

The name of the Chief of this tribe is "Navajo" which means in the Hualpai and Avasupai language, scout, guide or great traveler. He is represented to be an Indian of superior intelligence, liberal in his views and an excellent ruler, therefore the Avasupais have never had any trouble with the whites and are at peace with all surrounding tribes.

Navajo, finding that Spencer could smelt the lead ores of his country and give them plenty of lead for bullets, undertook to show him the mine which in order to reach he had to be let down with a rope by three stout Indians a distance of a hundred feet over a precipice in a canon. Here he found a cave or tunnel in a limestone formation and a ledge of argillaceous galena thirty feet wide, specimens of which he brought away and which assayed quite high in silver.

As hitherto published, Cataract Creek runs through a valley some three thousand feet below the surrounding country; the bluffs are precipitous and difficult of ascent or descent and a mine would have to be immensely rich in order to pay in such a place, yet both O'Leary and Spencer are of opinion that it will some day develop into a good mining district.

The Chief expressed great fear that the whites would come there to mine and demolish his people, who have never been brought in contact with any wicked influences and his greatest desire is to keep them free from temptation. The Hualpais speak the same tongue and are their natural allies, though they trade with the Moquis and are quite shrewd at a bargain. They give the Moquis three buckskins for a Moqui blanket and trade the same blanket to the Hualpais for five buckskins. Thus making a profit of two buckskins.

We call the attention of the Indian Department to this Cataract Creek country, and suggest that as the Hualpais will never be contented to stay upon the Colorado reservation and the Avasupais are their friends it may be just the place to set off a reservation for these two tribes. And instead of going to some Eastern City to find an agent select some such man as O'Leary or Spencer to manage them. These men understand the Indian character and have the intelligence necessary to make good agents, besides they are honest and the Indians know it. In addition to these considerations they are feared and respected by all the northern tribes who regard them as brave and just men.

It is true, we believe, that they are not members of the reformed church, or any other perhaps, but they are pretty fair Christians nevertheless and will compare favorably with some of the Church selections.

EDITOR MINER:—I would like to acknowledge through your columns the kindness of my friends in their Christmas gifts.

The Church here is made up of members of all the orthodox denominations, from them I have to acknowledge the receipt of a beautiful Students' lamp, pure silver-plate—price, \$20; some very pretty hats for the children, I understand, were from the ladies, together with many very valuable presents in the way of clothing, and for the culinary department, from individuals, many of whom I have ferreted out; but not having obtained the names of all, I cannot be personal. But I will assure my friends, if I find them out I shall expose them.

The kindness of the people of Prescott to us when we first came here—the particulars of which have been before noticed in your columns—caused me to put forth an extra effort to serve them. This last expression begets with me an indescribable desire to become of some benefit to the community. May a kind Providence so order it.

D. B. WRIGHT, Pastor.
Prescott, Dec. 30th, 1875.

MOHAVE ITEMS.—The mill at Mineral Park is near completion. It will be ready to run between the 10th and 15th of January. Davis has most of his mill on the ground at the Hackberry.

The furnace of the McCrackin mine is running successfully on Williams' Fork. Tom Pheebey, an old Owyhee Foreman and Superintendent is Superintendent of the Keystone at Mineral Park. Tom knows his business and will make it yield if their is any virtue in it.

Caldwell Wright informs us by letter that Mohave County is looking A. No. 1 and they will soon prove it by a show of bullion.

MASONIC ELECTION.—At an election held Dec. 25, in the hall of Axtell Lodge No. 177 F. & A. M. George D. Kendall was elected Worshipful Master; A. S. Haskell, Senior Warden; E. J. Cook, Treasurer; and Wm. N. Kelly, Secretary, for the ensuing Masonic year.

The installation by Past Master George Lount took place in the Lodge room at 10 o'clock on Monday Dec. 27th, the anniversary of St. John the Evangelist.

The following appointees were installed at the same time and place. Malcolm D. Campbell, Senior Deacon; Julius N. P. F. Rodenberg, Junior Deacon; George Washington Hance and George J. Wickler, Stewards; Thomas S. Ruff, Marshall; and George E. Berry, Tyler.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Special to the Miner by U. S. Military and W. U. Lines)

New York, Dec. 20.—David Felzenfeld of the Committee of 13, appointed by the National R. R. Convention of St. Louis is in this city for the winter to aid Ex-Gov. Brown of Tenn, the newly appointed Vice President of the Texas Pacific in outside movements in behalf of that enterprise. [Lives of great men all remind us, "We can make our lives sublime."]

The Union and Central Pacific have not got a full lobby here to work against the bill to aid a competing line. Jay Gould being sick and probably not deeming it worth while to commence the fight until the enemy appears in force.

Huntington, Vice President of the Central Pacific is in Washington hard at work against the Texas Pacific.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—Chas. A. Wetmore arrived from San Diego last night and had an interview with Maj. General Schofield on the subject of Mexican troubles along the border. The General manifested much interest and made inquiries as to the government property at San Diego and signified his intention to send cavalry to that place.

San Diego, Dec. 21.—The resignation of Surveyor General Stratton of Cal. is in the hands of Senator Sargent who will recommend H. G. Rollins as his successor.

San Francisco, Dec. 23.—Capt. Bernard's Company numbering 43 men rank and file did not get off for San Diego. They will go to-morrow.

Richard Roman, first state Treasurer of California died yesterday at the residence of his nephew, Judge Wallace, aged sixty three. Con. Va., 387; Cal. 70; Jacket 99; Ophir 49.

Gold in New York 113½; Greenbacks in San Francisco 88½.

Chicago, Dec. 23.—A special from Washington says an ingenious dodge of the Scott regency has been brought to light. It is shown by documents at hand that a concerted scheme for the capture of the so called Patrons of Husbandry has been adopted throughout the South and through them to bring force to bear upon members of Congress to favor Scott's schemes.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 23.—A violent shock of earthquake was felt here to-night.

Virginia, Nevada, Dec. 22.—Another outbreak in Chinatown this p. m. The rival companies, the Hop-Wo and Sam-Sing, have been laying on their arms since the skirmish, two weeks ago, and importing fighters from California. This afternoon the Sam-Sings opened fire at the corner of Hand Union streets on the castle of the Hop-Wos who returned fire and war began. The police interfered and stopped the fight. Two Chinamen were found wounded and it is thought several were killed and carried away. Twenty have been lodged in jail by the police. They were all armed to the teeth. There is talk of lynching all Chinamen found bearing arms. Another skirmish is looked for before morning.

New York, Dec. 28.—Judge Donohue has declared Tweed's bonds forfeited.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—It has been raining very hard all day.

Eight new coaches for the New Mexico and Arizona stage line built by the Kimball manufacturing company, will be shipped on the Ancon to-morrow for San Diego.

Stocks at 5 P. M. Ophir 53; Belcher 32; Point 28; Savage 16; Con. Va., 398; Cal. 73; B. and B., 57.

Gold in New York 113½.
Greenbacks in San Francisco 88½ and 89.
San Diego, Dec. 29.—The Union says: "The Catholics at St. Paul who as the telegraph informed us recently protested against the removal of Chief Justice Dunne of Arizona on account of his position on the common school question, passed seventy three resolutions on the subject. Among other things declaring the removal a violation of the spirit of the first constitutional amendment."

The resolutions further condemn the policy which would stifle discussion by the minority by appeals to religious antagonisms. They oppose centralization of educational powers in the national government, recognize the equality of civil and religious rights in all American citizens and declare their complete agreement with the views expressed in Judge Dunn's lecture before the Arizona Legislature on the 2nd of February, 1875.

Washington, Dec. 26.—The President has signed the bill further extending the time of the commission on Alabama claims to July 22nd.

Washington, Dec. 27.—Relative to the raids on the Rio Grande our Minister, Foster, at the City of Mexico asked permission for American troops to follow Mexican bandits across the border which was refused without the action of the Mexican Congress. Minister Foster informed the Mexican Government that American citizens must be protected, and if Mexico acknowledged her inability to restrain outrages by its citizens, the Government of the U. S. would be obliged to adopt whatever measures were necessary to protect her own people.

Berne, Switzerland, Dec. 27.—At the Village of Hiltiken on Saturday night while Christmas festivities were being celebrated in a school house the floor gave away. Eighty persons were killed and fifty wounded.

San Francisco, Dec. 27.—The commercial did not open to-day and it is doubtful if it ever will.

The report of the bank's condition is promised to-morrow.

Mrs. Alvina Hayward, wife of the millionaire has applied for a divorce on the ground of desertion. His answer admits all she charges and leaves the matter with the court.

Tucson, Dec. 24.—No general festivities in contemplation for to-morrow.

A grand Christmas tree celebration is now

in progress at the public school rooms with presents for each of the 140 pupils, all of whom are wondrously happy. Such a liberal entertainment few of them ever enjoyed before.

A communication has just been received by Governor Safford, that the revolutionary force of Serna is in Arizona, but as three companies of cavalry are now marching to expel or capture them this matter needs no attention.

Tucson, Dec. 28.—On the 26th inst. the revolutionists, eighty in number, met 150 State troops at Basani, twenty-five miles south of the Arizona line. Twenty-five of the revolutionists in advance of the rest made an attack, and the State forces seeing so small a number came from behind their breastworks and fought fifteen minutes, when the balance of the revolutionary force came up and won a victory, killing ten, wounding some and taking six prisoners. They also captured twenty saddle-horses and some arms. The revolutionists were on their way to Hermosillo and moved right on after the fight. This news being printed here in Spanish to-day, after which, a band of music paraded the streets and general rejoicing prevailed among the Mexican population, who expect to hear soon of a great victory. The most of the Americans sympathize with the revolutionists in the belief that they represent by far the better people of Sonora. It is believed that the U. S. cavalry sent to the border will have nothing to do, but the moral influence of their presence will be good.

Tucson, Dec. 27.—No definite news from our troops on the border, but it is now beyond doubt that the revolutionists have left Arizona. The 300 men under Serna camped at Mart Maloney's ranch on the 21st. Serna and staff talked freely of their operations and expectations. They claimed that their object in being in Arizona was to draw Pesqueira and force to the line in order the friends of Serna might rise and capture Hermosillo and that by the 24th or 25th Serna with his command would be between Pesqueira and that City. They seemed confident of victory and claimed to have recaptured Altar on the 18th without a fight. They say Pesqueira has been three times defeated by the Yaqui Indians, but Pesqueira reports deny this.

To the credit of both while in Arizona with their forces they committed no depredations or outrages and paid cash for articles of subsistence. They both have active friends here who carry news, etc.

MARRIED.

At Cerbat, Arizona, Sept. 21, 1875, by Justice Logan, Mr. D. J. J. to Laura A. Glenn.

At Cerbat, Arizona, Oct. 24, 1875, by A. C. Haskell, Probate Judge, John H. Weaver to Nancy Riggs.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE COLORADO STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS
LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO EVERY 20 days for Mexican Ports and the mouth of the Colorado River, connecting with River Boats. Agencies of the Company.
610 Front St. San Francisco, California.
Yuma and Ehrenberg, Arizona.
December 31, 1875. I. POLHAMUS, JR., General Sup't.

REDEMPTION OF COUNTY WARRANTS.
OFFICE OF COUNTY TREASURER, PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, Dec. 31, 1875.
I will pay on presentation at my office, County Warrants drawn upon the respective Funds of Yavapai County of the series of 1874, as follows, to wit:—
COUNTY GENERAL FUND
All outstanding warrants of series of 1874, and number 1 to 24, inclusive, of series of 1875.
CONTINGENT FUND.
All outstanding warrants.
The holders of said Warrants are hereby notified that interest thereon ceases from the date hereof, and that if the same be not presented within ten days, the funds set apart for their redemption will be applied to the payment of warrants next in line order of date when they were issued.
JOHN H. MARION, Treasurer of Yavapai County.

NOTICE.

All persons interested in the first extension of the Yavapai County are hereby notified that if they do not appear within ninety days from the date hereof and pay their proportion of the expenses incurred in the amount of work done on said lands as required by law, the undersigned will claim a forfeiture of your interests in said lands, in accordance with the mining laws now in force.
JOHN H. MARION, G. H. WILSON, Antelope Creek, A. T., Dec. 31, 1875. dec31d20.

Road Notice.

On the second Monday in January (10th) work will be commenced on the road leading from Walnut Grove to the Peck District. All persons willing to assist, either by work or money, are requested to report on that day at the ranch of A. Cullumber, in Walnut Grove, to wit:—
A. CULLUMBER, Foreman of the Viewers.
Dec. 31, 1875.

Strayed.

From Wolf Creek, about the 1st of November, one dark bay mare branded C on the left hip and slender, and a grey mare on the left hind leg. Also one small mule branded with a heart on the left hip, and other Spanish breeds and saddle marked. I will pay liberally for their return to me, or for information that will lead to their recovery.
W. B. HAWTHORNE.
Prescott, Dec. 31, 1875.

Salt River Valley Canal Co.—
Principal place of business Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona. There is delinquent upon the following described stock of said company, on account of assessments, the amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No. of Shares.	Ass't.	Am't.
W. B. Hastings & Co.	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00
"	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00
"	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the eleventh day of December, 1875, so many shares of each parcel of stock above named as may be necessary will be sold at public auction, at the office of the company, in Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona, on Friday, the 21st day of January, 1876, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to wit:—
a) all the shares of stock of said company, on account of assessments, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.
JOHN T. ALSAP, Secretary.
Phoenix, Arizona, Dec. 20, 1875. dec31d10.

Maricopa Canal Company.—
Principal place of business Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona. There is delinquent upon the following described stock of said company, on account of assessments, the amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No. of Shares.	Ass't.	Am't.
W. B. Hastings & Co.	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00
"	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00
"	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00

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a) all the shares of stock of said company, on account of assessments, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.
JOHN T. ALSAP, Secretary.
Phoenix, Arizona, Dec. 20, 1875. dec31d10.

Maricopa Canal Company.—
Principal place of business Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona. There is delinquent upon the following described stock of said company, on account of assessments, the amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

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W. B. Hastings & Co.	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000.	25	\$25.00
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